Act 250 Overview

House Natural Resources, Fish & Wildlife Committee January 11, 2017

Vermont Natural Resources Board

Diane B. Snelling, Chair Gregory Boulbol, General Counsel





What is Act 250?

Act 250 is a law which provides for a citizen-based, quasi-judicial process for reviewing and managing the environmental and fiscal consequences of major subdivisions and developments in Vermont.





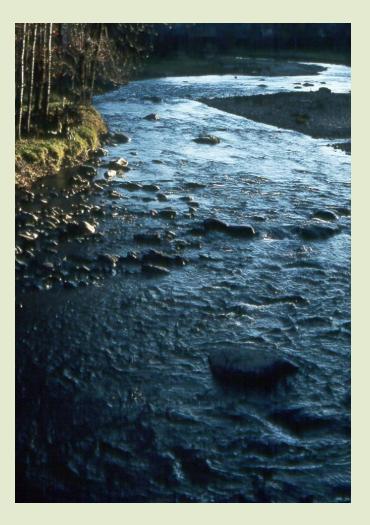


Act 250 (a brief history)

In 1969 Gov. Deane Davis and others became concerned about pollution of V



pollution of Vermont's groundwater and streams from new development, especially in and around ski areas in southern Vermont.

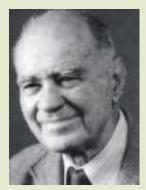






Act 250 (a brief history, contd.)

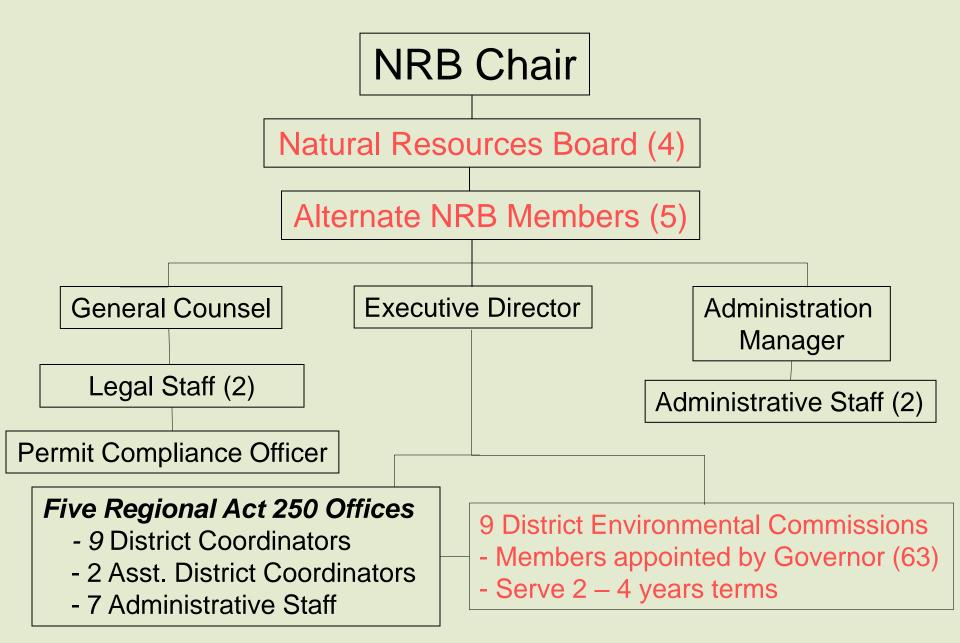
After hearings by the Gibb Commission and statewide debate the Vermont legislatu



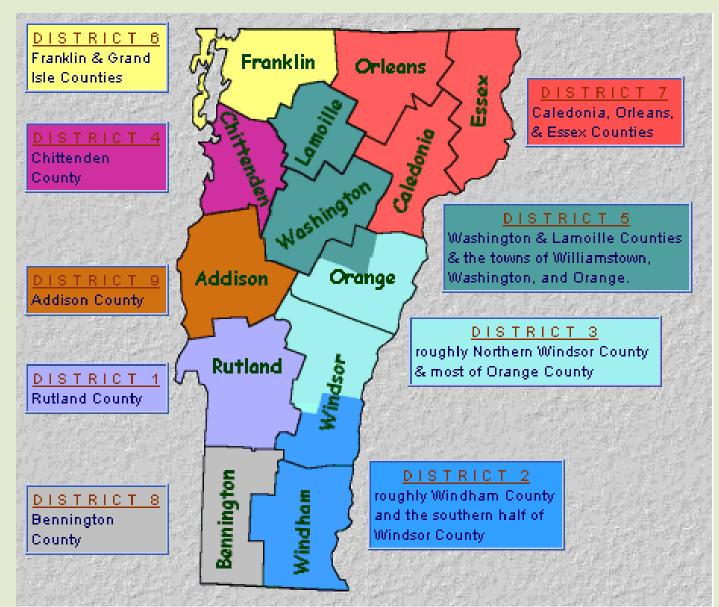
Vermont legislature passed a law to regulate <u>certain</u> <u>kinds</u> of development at the state level, <u>in addition to</u> any existing local review



Natural Resources Board



<u>9 Environmental Districts – Five Offices</u>



District Offices:

- Essex Junction
- Barre
- St. Johnsbury
- Springfield
- Rutland

District Commission and Staff

District Commission

- Quasi-judicial body
- Members appointed by Governor, not full-time employees
- Three regular members, up to four alternates
- Three commissioners sit on each case

District Coordinator

- <u>Full-time staff</u> to District Commission
- Provides assistance to applicants, parties, and the general public
- All communications to the District Commission must be submitted to coordinator

District Office Support Staff

Provide clerical and administrative support

Act 250 Jurisdiction

<u>Subdivisions</u> of 10 lots or more, or 6 lots in towns without permanent zoning and subdivision regulations.



Commercial development

on more than 1 acre or more than 10 acres depending on the town.



State and municipal projects >10 acres disturbance



<u>Housing projects</u> with 10 or more units (higher thresholds for Priority Housing in certain designated centers)



Communication towers > 50 feet in height



Commercial or residential development or forestry/farming above 2,500 feet.



- Material change to an Act 250 permitted project
- Substantial changes to pre-existing (pre-1970) projects
- Any withdrawal of more than 340,000 gallons of groundwater per day, if the withdrawal requires a permit under section 1418 of this title or is by a bottled water facility regulated under chapter 56 of this title.
- Exploration for fissionable source materials beyond the reconnaissance phase or the extraction or processing of fissionable source material.
- The drilling of an oil and gas well.

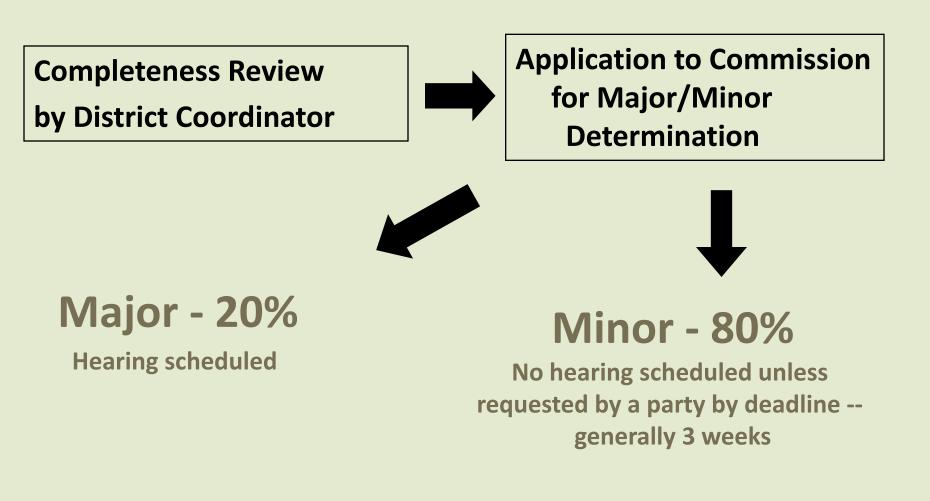
Act 250 Exemptions

- Farming and logging below 2,500 feet
- Electric generation and transmission facilities and telecommunications projects regulated by PSB (Sec. 248 and 248a)
- Agricultural fairs and horse shows; no buildings; open to public for < 61 days per year</p>
- Small scale and on-farm <u>composting</u>

Jurisdictional Opinion Process

- JO Issued by District Coordinator (Letter form or Project Review Sheet)
- Reconsideration by Coordinator within 30 days
- Appeal to Environmental Division, Superior Court, within 30 days

Application Review Process



Application Review Process

Major

Notice Mailed and Published in Newspaper

Within 10 days of filing of complete application

Hearing or Prehearing; Site Visit Within 40 days of filing of complete application;

not less than 10 days from publication of notice

Hearing Recess Order

Within 14 days of hearing

Last Recess Item Received by Commission

Deliberations and Issuance of Decision

Within 20 Days of receipt of last item, last permit or completion of deliberations

Application Review Process

Minor

Notice and Proposed Permit Mailed and Published Within 10 days of filing of complete application

Comment Period for Hearing Request

7 - 20 days



If No Hearing Request: Commission issues decision after last permit or other evidence received 10 Days



If Hearing is Requested: Application is processed as major; hearing is scheduled Within 20 days of end of public comment period

Act 250 Party Status (how to get involved)

§ 6085. Hearings; party status

(c)(1) Party status. In proceedings before the district commissions, the following persons shall be entitled to party status:

- (A) The applicant;
- (B) The landowner, if the applicant is not the landowner;
- (C) The municipality in which the project site is located, and the municipal and regional planning commissions for that municipality; if the project site is located on a boundary, any Vermont municipality adjacent to that border and the municipal and regional planning commissions for that municipality; and the solid waste management district in which the land is located, if the development or subdivision constitutes a facility pursuant to subdivision 6602(10) of this title;
- (D) Any state agency affected by the proposed project;
- (E) Any adjoining property owner or other person who has a particularized interest protected by this chapter that may be affected by an act or decision by a district commission.

Act 250: The 10 Criteria

- 1. Air and Water Pollution
- 2. Water Supply
- 3. Impact on Existing Water Supplies
- 4. Soil Erosion
- 5. Traffic Safety and Congestion
- 6. Impact on Schools
- 7. Impact on Municipal Services
- 8. Wildlife, Historic Sites, and Aesthetics
- 9. Impact of Growth
- 10. Conformance with Local and Regional Plans

Resources (For Act 250)

- District Coordinator and Support Staff
- Natural Resources Board Administrative and Legal Staff
- Training Manual (on web site)
- Web site: <u>www.nrb.state.vt.us</u>
 - Will be updating this year
 - Staff addresses, phone #, email
 - Statute and Act 250 Rules
 - Environmental Board Decisions (1980 2008)
 - District Commission Cases (ANR Database)
 - www.nrb.state.vt.us\nrb\lup
 - E-Note Index

Thanks. Questions?